



## HD 2001, HD 2001.1, HD 2001.2, HD 2001.3 INDICATORS OF TEMPERATURE, HUMIDITY, PRESSURE AND AIR SPEED ENVIRONMENTAL MEASUREMENTS WITH DIGITAL OR ANALOG OUTPUT

The devices of the HD2001 series..., according to the models, measure temperature, relative humidity, barometric pressure and, for the model HD2001.2, air speed by hot-wire probes. All the models are provided with RS232C or RS485 serial output and the management of more than one device connected to a network. In addition, all the models are fitted with an open collector type low-activated configurable alarm output.

The HD2001.1 and HD2001.3 model have three configurable analog outputs: 4...20mA or 0...20mA current output, or 0...10Vdc or 2...10Vdc voltage output. The choice of output type is made by means of the jumpers set on the board.

Wind speed measurement is detected by the HD2001.2 model with a hot-wire probe set on the upper part of the instrument.

The large display with dual indication on all models allows one of the process variables on the first line and the temperature on the second line, to be displayed.

Tables 1 and 4 show the main characteristics of the three models.

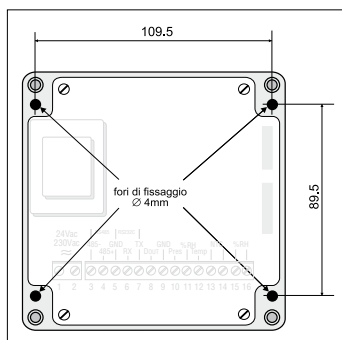


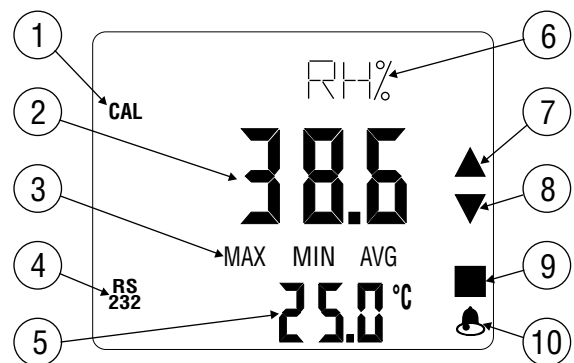
Fig.1 Position of the fixing holes.



Fig.2 Hot-wire probe mod. HD2001.2.

Table 1					
	Input			Output	
Model	Temperature % RH	Pressure	Air speed	RS232-RS485 Open collector output	Analog outputs 0...20mA, 4...20mA, 0...10Vdc, 2...10Vdc
HD2001	*	*	---	*	---
HD2001.1	*	*	---	*	*
HD2001.2	*	*	*	*	---
HD2001.3	*	---	---	*	*

### Display description



The display constantly shows the measurements of two values. While in the first line ② the value can be selected through the MEAS button, the second line ⑤ below always shows the temperature. During measurement, the first line ⑥ displays the unit of measurement of the main variable; inside the menu it provides information about the active item.

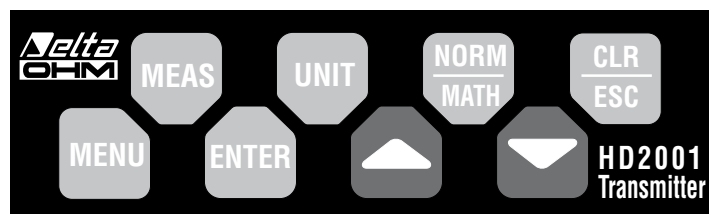
On the right-hand side of the display there are four symbols:

- The two arrows ⑦ and ⑧ are lit when the pressure measured by the barometric sensor differs at least 1 mbar from that measured 6 hours previously;
- The framed arrow ⑨ indicates the pressure drop alarm and is lit when a pressure drop occurred during the previous 6 hours which was higher than or equal to the BAR DROP value, which can be set in the menu within the range 1...9 mbar;
- The bell symbol ⑩ is lit when any of the alarms is exceeded (see paragraph "Programming the alarms").

### Symbols

- CAL ① turns on during calibration of the RH sensor (see the paragraph on calibration).
- MAX MIN AVG ③ indicate that the main measurement ② reached the maximum (MAX), minimum (MIN) or average (AVG) value since last reset (see the function of the NORM/MATH button).
- RS232 ④ is turned on when the instrument is connected to a PC.

### Keyboard description



**MEAS** By repeatedly pressing this button the main variable displayed in the first line of the display can be selected. This function is cyclic: %RH >> Barometric Pressure >> Wind speed (for the HD2001.2 model) >> %RH...

The temperature measured is always visible in the second line of the display.

**UNIT** This button selects the unit of measurement or the secondary variable correlated to the main variable displayed in the first line of the display.

Humidity: %RH (relative humidity %) >> g/m<sup>3</sup> (absolute humidity) >> g/kg (mixing ratio) >> Tdew (Dew Point temperature in °C or °F).

Pressure: hPa >> kPa >> mbar.

Wind speed: m/s >> ft/min.

**NORM/MATH** This tool provides the chance to display the maximum (MAX), average (AVG) and minimum (MIN) value for all calculated variables from the moment the MATH button is pressed. This function memorizes the values of the previous measuring session and treats them as initial values for the new calculations. Press the CLEAR/ESC button to reset the memory.

**CLR/ESC** It resets the initial values during measurement of the maximum, average, minimum value. Within the menu, it allows the current function to be exited without the changes being saved.

**ENTER** Within the menu confirms the current selection and returns to the measurement. To confirm a parameter without exiting the menu, all that needs to be done is to display it and continue using the MENU button.

**UP** Within the menu, it increases the current value.

**DOWN** Within the menu, it decreases the current value.

**MENU** Using this button the instrument's menu can be accessed: the single items are described in the upper part of the display by flowing text. To modify an individual item, use the arrows; to confirm it and remain in the menu, press the MENU button; to confirm it and return to measurement, press the ENTER button.

**NOTE: to help clarity, in the following explanation the terms appearing on the display are indicated by capital letters in bold (e.g. TEMP indicates the temperature, CEN means Centigrade).**

1. **TEMPERATURE CEN**tigrade or **FAH**renheit: Selection of the unit of measurement for the temperature between Centigrade or Fahrenheit.
2. **BAUD RATE**: Selection of the data transmission speed for data communication using the RS232C or RS485 serial port. Various values are available: 300, 1200, 2400, 4800 and 9600. We recommend using the maximum speed of 9600 baud.
3. **PRINT AUTO**: 1 = YES, 0 = NO. Enables (= 1) or disables (= 0) the continuous data transmission on the serial port (continuous printing) according to a frequency equal to the interval set in the item **INTV SEC**. Date, time, temperature, relative humidity, absolute humidity, mixing ratio, dew point, barometric pressure, wind speed (in m/s or in ft/min) are printed. The units of measurement are the same as those used on the display.
4. **INTERVAL SECS**. Print interval in seconds.
5. **YEAR**: Menu item to set the year. **The date is kept until the instrument is on.** If the instrument is turned off when not connected to a PC, the date must be reset from the keyboard. If it is connected to a PC and a power failure occurs, when reconnecting the power the PC automatically updates the instrument date without needing to use the keyboard.
6. **MONTH**: Current month.
7. **DAY**: Current day.
8. **HOUR**: Current hour.
9. **ESC ZERO**s **SECS**, **MIN**utes: Current minutes. The seconds can be reset by pressing ESC. In order to set the hour precisely, simply set it one minute in advance and when the new minute strikes, press ESC. For example, if it is 11:20.10 and you wish to correct the time, set it to HOUR=11, MIN=21 and when the new minute strikes (21), press ESC: thus the time is synchronized to the second at 11:21.00.
10. **NUMBER INST**ument **ADDR**ess: Sets the identification (ID) of the instrument to be able to use it within a network. The numbers from 0 (first instrument) to 255 are available. For the details see the paragraph dealing with serial communication.
11. **SET ALARM** 1 = YES, 0 = NO: Enables (=1) or disables (=0) the open collector low-activated alarm output. The settings submenu can be entered using the upward arrow (UP). For the details see the paragraph on alarm programming.
12. **ENABLE CAL**ibration: Enables the calibration of the relative humidity sensor. For the details see the paragraph on calibration.

#### Installation and connections

The instrument is set up to work indoors. The pressure and humidity sensors are set downwards so that the accumulation of dust and dirt is reduced to the minimum.

Four holes fix the container: the position of the holes is outlined in the figure.

#### Model HD2001.2

The HD2001.2 model is fitted with an omnidirectional hot-wire probe: the sensor set on the top of the probe is very delicate and must be protected with the special frame provided with the instrument. During transportation, the sensor is closed into a cylinder screwed on the end part of the probe: during installation, unscrew this cylinder and screw the protection frame in its place.

In order to measure the wind speed accurately, the instrument must be set at a certain distance from the wall using the HD2001.2.30 pole, as indicated in fig. 3.



**HD2001:** Temperature, humidity, pressure, serial output.



**HD2001.1:** Temperature, humidity, pressure, serial and analogue output.

#### Serial communication and instruments' network

The instrument is fitted with RS232C and Multidrop RS485 serial ports for connection to a PC. Thanks to the RS485 protocol it is possible to connect more than one instrument to form a network managed by the **DeltaMet8** software provided.

The protocol is selected by using dip-switch no. 1 set on the display board.

When only one instrument is used, set at a maximum distance of 15 m from the PC, use the RS232C serial connection, as this port, unlike RS485, is present on all PCs. To cover longer distances (until 1200 m) or to create a network of instruments, the RS485 port must be used with a special RS232/RS485 converter.

A network is formed by a maximum of 256 devices tandem-connected through a shielded twisted pair cable. The first element of the network connected to the PC may use the RS232C protocol and can be an interface between the PC and the rest of the network: so using an RS232C/RS485 converter can be avoided (**only if the first instrument is less than 15 m away from the PC**).

In order that communication along the network work correctly, each instrument needs to be identified by an ID number differing from all the others. On the first start up, after commuting the protocol selection dip-switch, the ID of the instrument is automatically set to "0" if the RS232C protocol is selected, and set to "1" if the RS485 protocol is selected: using the menu item "**NUMBER INST**ument **ADDR**ess" these IDs can be changed and memorized in order to set up new components on the network. To maximally speed up the data transmission, we recommend using the highest baud rate available of 9600 baud: you should only reduce this value when communication problems occur.

#### Programming the alarms

Each of the three HD2001 models... is fitted with an open collector low-activated alarm output.

This output commutes when enabled if any of the limits, associated with the measurement variables of all the instrument's values, exceeds the maximum level or goes below the minimum level. The activation and deactivation of the alarm effects only the physical output and not the display indication which in contrast always remains enabled. **To avoid one of the variables intervening, simply set the limits to the extreme working limits of the measurement range.** For each physical value, except for pressure drop, the lower level (LOW) and the upper level (HIGH) with LOW smaller than HIGH must be entered.

#### Setting

Browse the menu items until the item SET ALARM 1 = YES, 0 = NO: press the up arrow (UP) to access the setting of the limits. The writing changes and becomes **ReLAY ALARM ENA**bled (Alarm output enabled): to enable the output maintaining the previous settings, press ENTER. To enable the output and modify the settings, press MENU: after this, the lower (**LOW**) and upper (**HIGH**) alarm limits for each physical value available will be prompted. For example, "**SET TEMPERATURE LOW**" sets the minimum alarm limit of the temperature; using the arrows enter the desired value and then proceed with the MENU button to modify the other parameters. Pressing ESC, the current parameter on display is reset to the initial value.

**The variables are listed in this order: temperature, relative humidity, dew point, barometric pressure, pressure drop (DROP) in the last 6 hours and, for the HD2001.2 model, wind speed.**



**HD2001.1**



**HD2001**

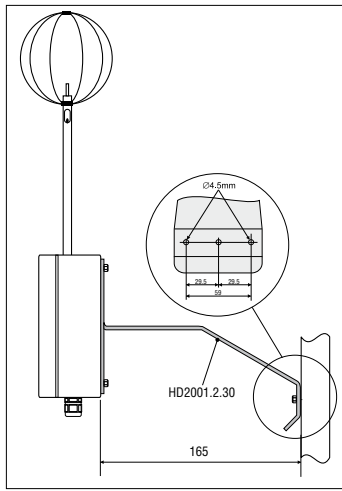


Fig.3 Support for model HD2001.2

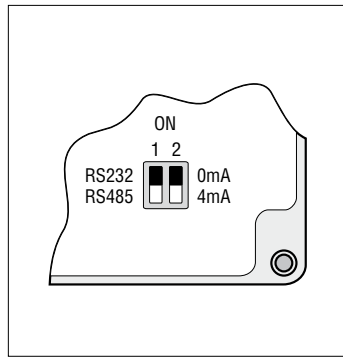


Fig.4 Selection dip switch for protocol RS232/RS485 and analogue output.

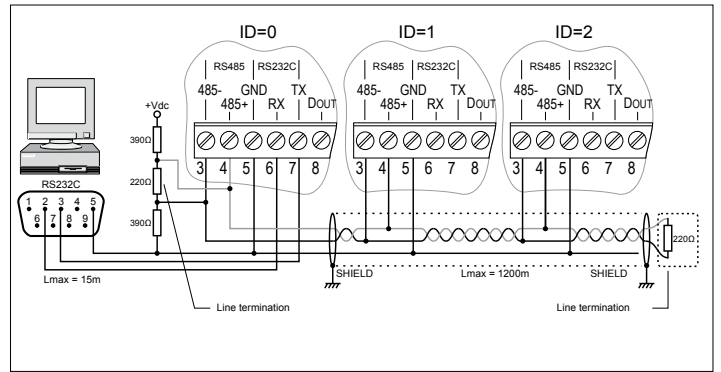


Fig.7 RS485 network in which the conversion function is performed by first instrument of the network. The instrument that is connected directly to PC is identified by the ID = 0 and must be placed no more than 15m away from the PC. If your PC does not have the RS232 connection, you must insert a USB/RS232 converter between the PC and the first instrument of the network.

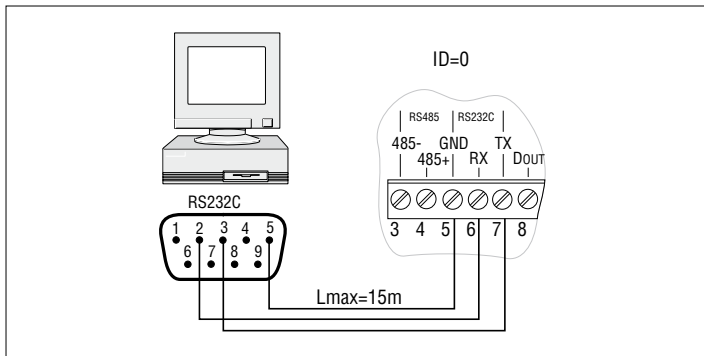


Fig.5 Connection to PC/ device with RS232C protocol.

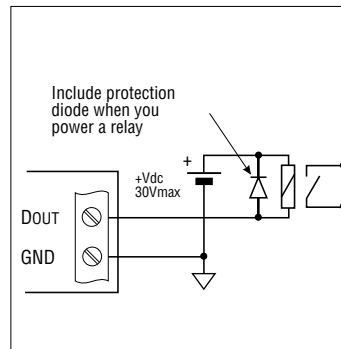


Fig.8 Typical connection for alarm relay activation

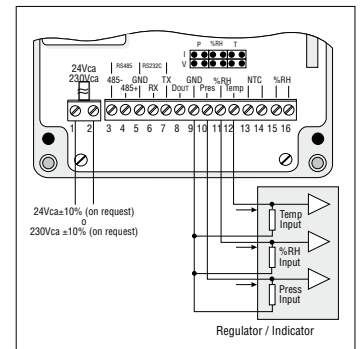


Fig.9 Connection example of the analogue output to an indicator/regulator.

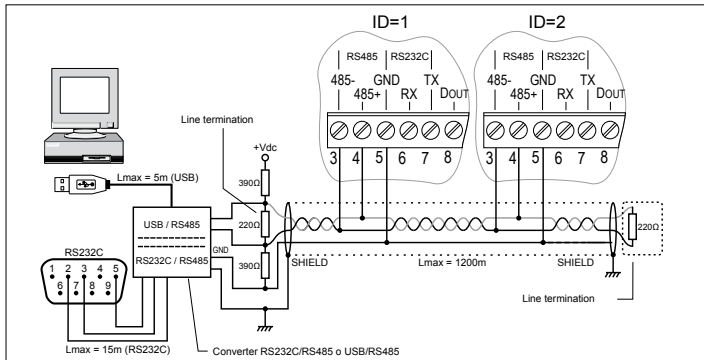


Fig.6 PC Connection with the RS485 communication protocol for distances up to 1200 m. The instruments are tandem-connected through a shielded twisted pair cable for signals and a third wire for grounding. Both ends of the network need to have resistors for impedance matching (Line terminations). To polarize the line during periods of non-transmission, resistors connected between the signal and the power line have to be used. For PC connection it is necessary to use a RS232/485 or USB/RS485 converter.

#### Current and voltage analog outputs for the HD2001.1 and HD2001.3 models

The models are provided with current or voltage analog outputs, one for each value, each associated with a physical value measured by the instrument. The available outputs are 0...20mA, 4...20mA, 0...10Vdc and 2...10Vdc. The relation between output range (current and voltage) and input range is fixed: the output minimum and maximum values are associated with the minimum and maximum values of the input variables.

#### HD2001.1 and HD2001.3 Inputs / analog outputs ratio

Inputs	Analog outputs
-20 ... +80°C	4...20mA
0...100%RH	0...20mA
600...1100mbar	0...10Vdc
	2 ... 10Vdc

Table 2

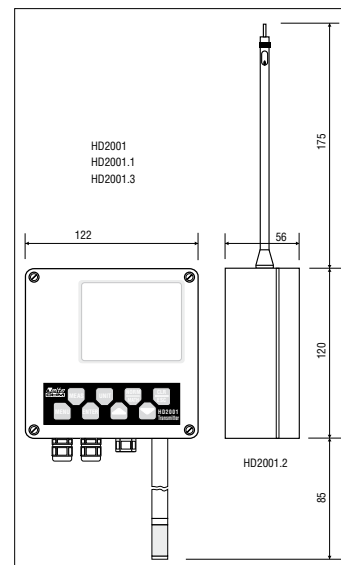


Fig.10 Dimensions.

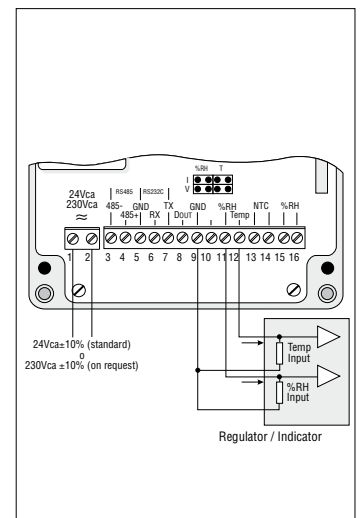


Fig.11 Connection example to an indicator/regulator with analogue input HD2001.3.

Table 3

Dip-switch no. 2	0mA	0mA	4mA	4mA
Position of the jumper	I	V	I	V
Output selected	0 ... 20mA	0 ... 10Vdc	4 ... 20mA	2 ... 10Vdc

It is possible to use voltage or current outputs contemporarily provided that they belong in the first two columns or the last two of table 3. For example the outputs 0...20mA and 0...10Vdc or 4...20mA and 2...10Vdc can coexist, but for example, the outputs 0...20mA and 4...20mA cannot coexist. For correct functioning, **we recommend observing the load specifications concerning the analog outputs reported in the technical information.**

#### Calibration of the relative humidity sensor HD2001 - HD2001.1 - HD2001.3

**ATTENTION:** to calibrate the relative humidity sensor correctly it is fundamental to know and abide by the physical phenomena on which the measurement is based: this is the reason we recommend evaluating a new calibration carefully before intervening and, in case it is to be performed, we recommend following

The type of output is selected using dip-switch no. 2 set on the display card (see fig. 4) and the jumpers set near the analog output terminals (see fig. 9): the various combination are outlined in the following table in which the relevant output is reported according to the position of the switches.



### Calibration of the humidity sensor offset:

all that is reported below rigorously.

1. Enter the probe in the container with the saturated solution at 75% relative humidity at about 20°C. Wait at least 30 minutes.
2. Using the MENU button select the item "ENaBLE CALibration", press the UP arrow until reaching #51: the calibration procedure is started automatically.
3. The display indicates "CAL RH". Using the arrows, adjust the relative humidity value indicated on the display according to the temperature of the calibration salts: the value to be set is shown on the container's label of the saturated salt used.
4. Wait a few minutes to ensure the reading is stable.
5. Press ENTER to confirm this value. The instrument returns to normal measurement.
6. Remove the probe from the container and close it immediately using its lid.

### Calibration of the humidity sensor slope:

1. Enter the probe in the container with the saturated solution at 33% of relative humidity. Wait at least 30 minutes.
2. Using the MENU button select the item "ENaBLE CALibration", press the UP arrow until reaching #51: the calibration procedure is started automatically.
3. The display indicates "CAL RH". Using the arrows, adjust the relative humidity value indicated on the display according to the temperature of the calibration salts: the value to be set is shown on the container's label of the saturated salt used.
4. Wait a few minutes to ensure the reading is stable.
5. Press ENTER to confirm this value. The instrument returns to normal measurement.
6. Remove the probe from the container and close it immediately using its lid.

**Note:** the calibration of the sensor is usually carried out on both points, first at 75%RH and then at 33%RH, but can be carried out on one of the points only, to regulate a small departure at 75% or 33%, for example. On exiting calibration the instrument checks if the procedure was carried out correctly and signals any anomaly by making the CAL symbol blink. If the blinking occurs at the end of the calibration of one of the two points, it means the other point also needs calibrating.

**Note:** the calibration of the relative humidity of the model HD2001.2 has to be performed in a chamber with controlled humidity and temperature conditions.



HD2001.2: Temperature, humidity, pressure, air speed, RS232 / RS485 output.



HD2001.2



HD2001.2

Table 4 - Technical information (@ 24Vac and 25°C)

		HD2001	HD2001.1	HD2001.2	HD2001.3
<b>Inputs</b>					
Temperature	Sensor	NTC 10kΩ			
	Working range	-20 ... +80°C			
	Accuracy	±0.3°C in the range 0...+70°C ±0.4°C outside this range			
Humidity	Sensor capacity	300pF			
	%RH working range	0...100%RH			
	TD working range	-20 ... +80°C			
Pressure	Accuracy	±2.0% (10...90%RH), ±2.5%RH in the remaining range			
	Working range	600...1100mbar - 600...1100hPa - 60.0...110.0kPa			
	Accuracy	±0.5mbar @25°C			
Wind speed	Fluid contacting the membrane	Air - Non corrosive gas - <b>No liquids</b>			
	Type of sensor	----	----	Hot-wire	----
	Working range	----	----	0...5m/s	----
°C working range	Accuracy	----	----	±0.15m/s @25°C	----
	Accuracy	----	----	±0.15m/s @25°C	----
<b>Outputs</b>					
Communications	Type	RS232C and Multidrop RS485			
	Maximum Baud Rate	9600 baud			
Alarm	Type of output	Open collector (low-activated)			
	Maximum voltage	30Vdc			
	Maximum power	200mW			
Variables		Temperature, %RH, dew point TD, barometric pressure, pressure drop.		Temperature, %RH, dew point TD, barometric pressure, pressure drop and wind speed	Temperature, %RH, dew point TD
Analog	Type of outputs	---	4...20mA 0...20mA 0...10Vdc 2...10Vdc	---	4...20mA 0...20mA 0...10Vdc 2...10Vdc
	Load resistance	---	Current output: 500Ω max Voltage output: 100kΩ min	---	Current output: 500Ω max Voltage output: 100kΩ min
	Resolution	---	16bit	---	16bit
		---		---	
<b>Power</b>		24Vac ±10% 50...60Hz (230Vac ±10% on request)			
<b>Software</b>		DeltaMet8			
<b>Environmental conditions</b>	Temperature range	-20 ... +80°C			
	Humidity range	0...90%RH - (without condensation)			
	Protection degree	Electronic IP67			

### ORDER CODES

**HD2001** Temperature, relative humidity, barometric pressure indicator. Open collector alarm output and RS232C and RS485 PC connection. DeltaMet8 software for PC connection.

**HD2001.1** Active indicator/transmitter of temperature range, relative humidity, barometric pressure with selectable 0...20mA, 4...20mA, 0...10V e 2...10V outputs. Open collector alarm output and RS232C and RS485 PC connection. DeltaMet8 software for PC connection.

**HD2001.2** Temperature range, relative humidity, barometric pressure and wind speed indicator. Open collector alarm output and RS232C and RS485 PC connection. DeltaMet8 software for PC connection.

**HD2001.3** Temperature, relative humidity active indicator/transmitter with selectable 0...20mA, 4...20mA, 0...10V and 2...10V outputs. Open collector alarm output and RS232C and RS485 PC connection. DeltaMet8 software for PC connection.

**HD2001.2.30:** Wall mounting support for HD2001.2.

**HD75** Saturated salt solution 75% R.H. Adapter M 12x1.

**HD33** Saturated salt solution 33% R.H. Adapter M 12x1